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Swiss Agency for Development
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METEODAT

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DE GENÈVE



University of
Zurich^{UZH}

HAZARDS EXERCISES

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IHCAP – Indian Himalayas Climate Change Adaptation Programme
Capacity building programme Level-1 (September 11, 2014)

HAZARDS IN MOUNTAINS

The aim of the exercise is to define areas prone to multiple hazards in a region of the Swiss Alps.

Hazard (temporal condition): The probability of a potentially damaging event (a landslide) occurring in a unit of time.

Risk: Expected consequences emanating from a hazard, expressed as the probability and severity of loss to the elements at risk for a unit area, object, or activity, over a specified period of time.

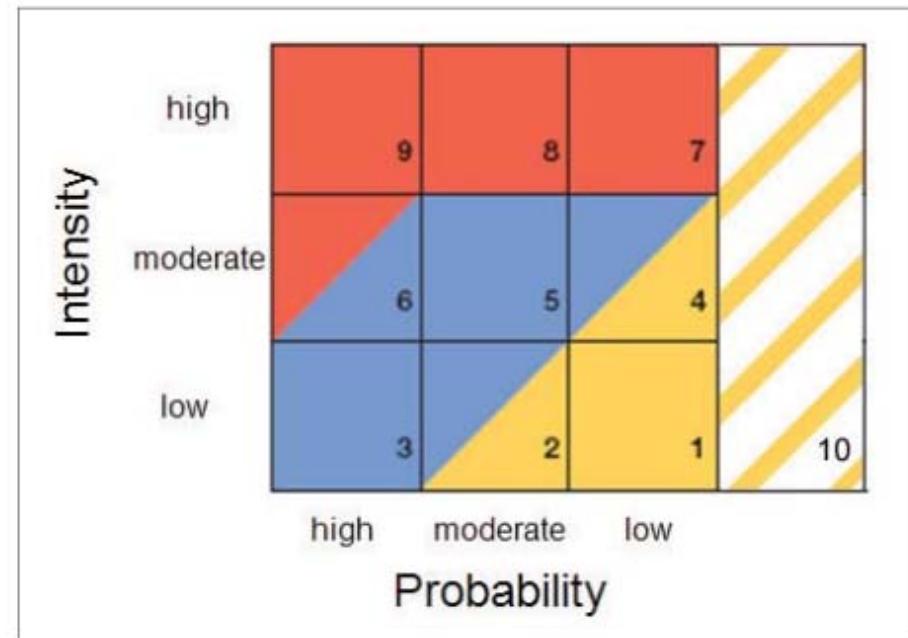
Susceptibility: The propensity of a designated area to experience a particular physical hazard.

Vulnerability: The degree of damage expected from given magnitude of hazard, usually expressed as a ratio of the existing value.

Swiss hazard maps legend

Magnitude-frequency diagram

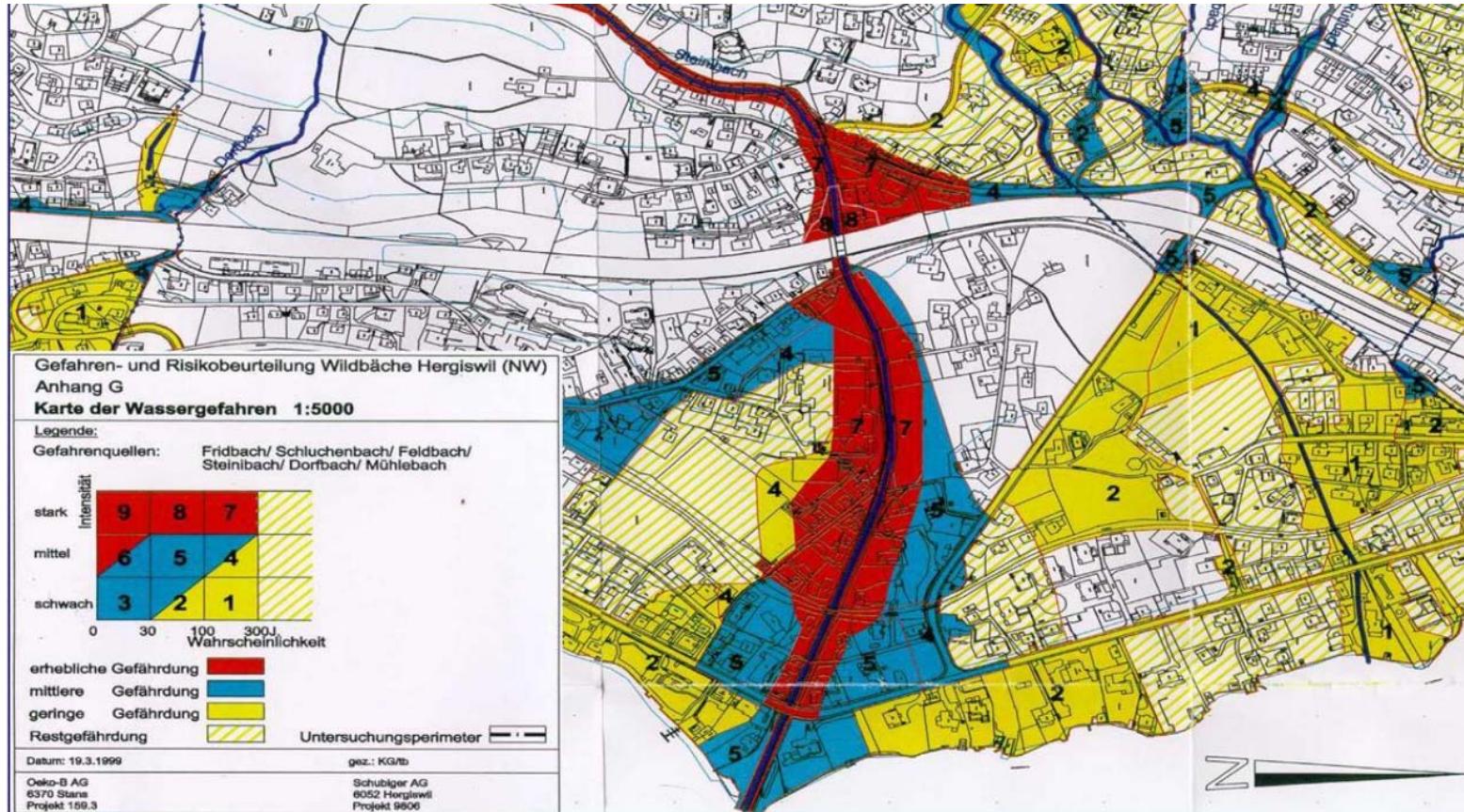
- Red (high hazard)
- Blue (moderate hazard)
- Yellow (low hazard)
- White/yellow-hatched (residual danger, high intensity but very unlikely)



http://www.mountaincartography.org/publications/papers/papers_lenk_08/kunz.pdf

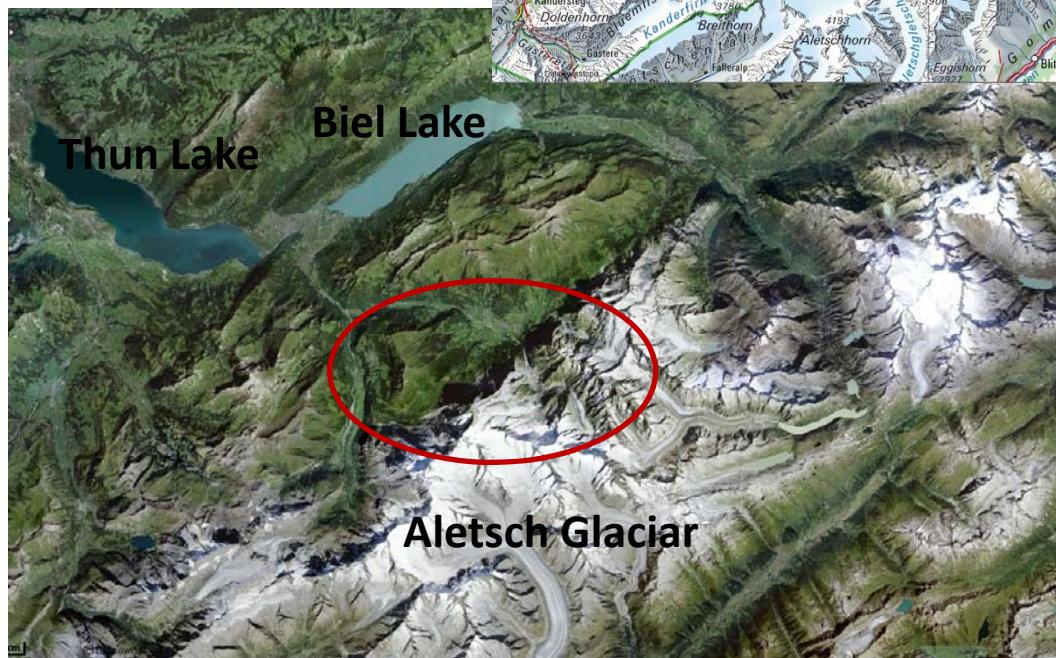
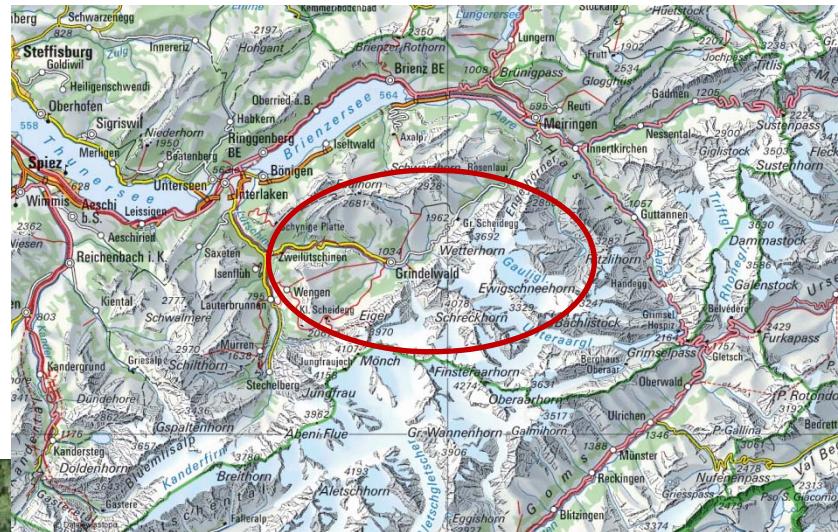
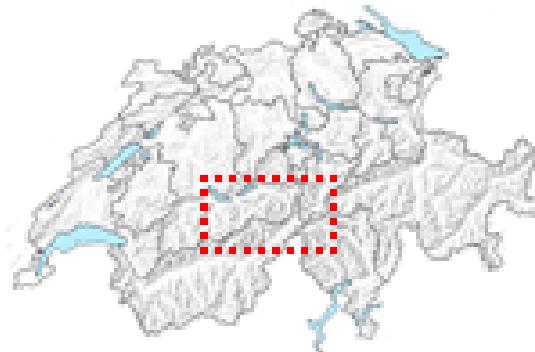
Swiss hazard maps

Example: Hazard map of Hergiswil

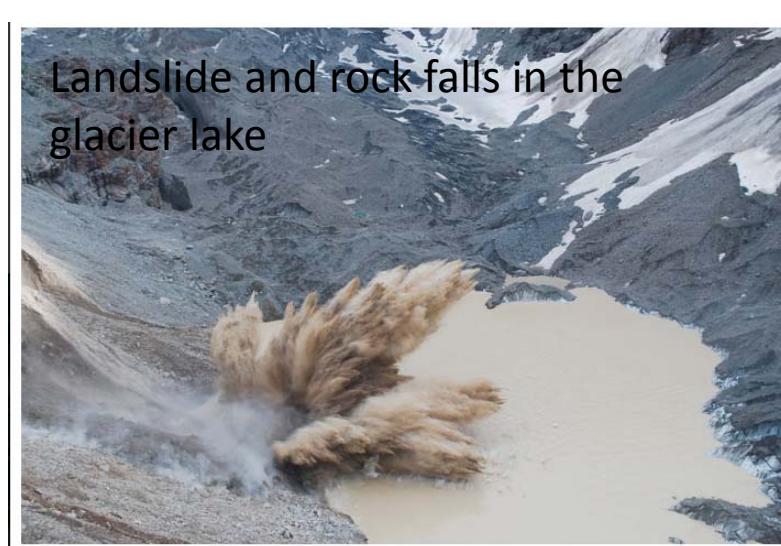


http://www.alpconv.org/en/organization/groups/WGHazards/Documents/PLANALP_Hotspot_Paper.pdf

Study site: Grindelwald (Canton Bern)



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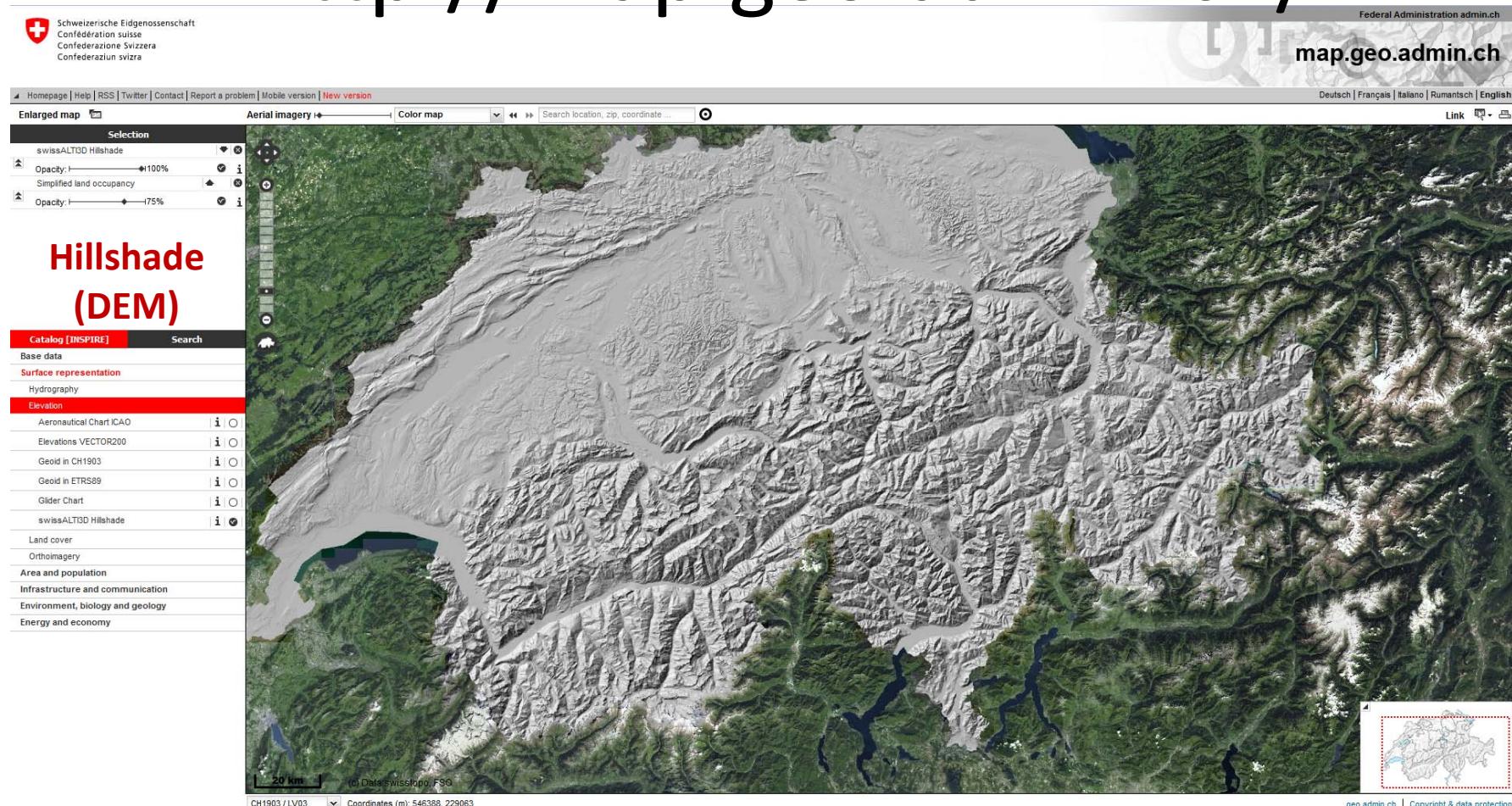
<http://www.planat.ch/en/images-details/datum/2011/06/21/grindelwald/>

Study site: Grindelwald (Canton Bern)



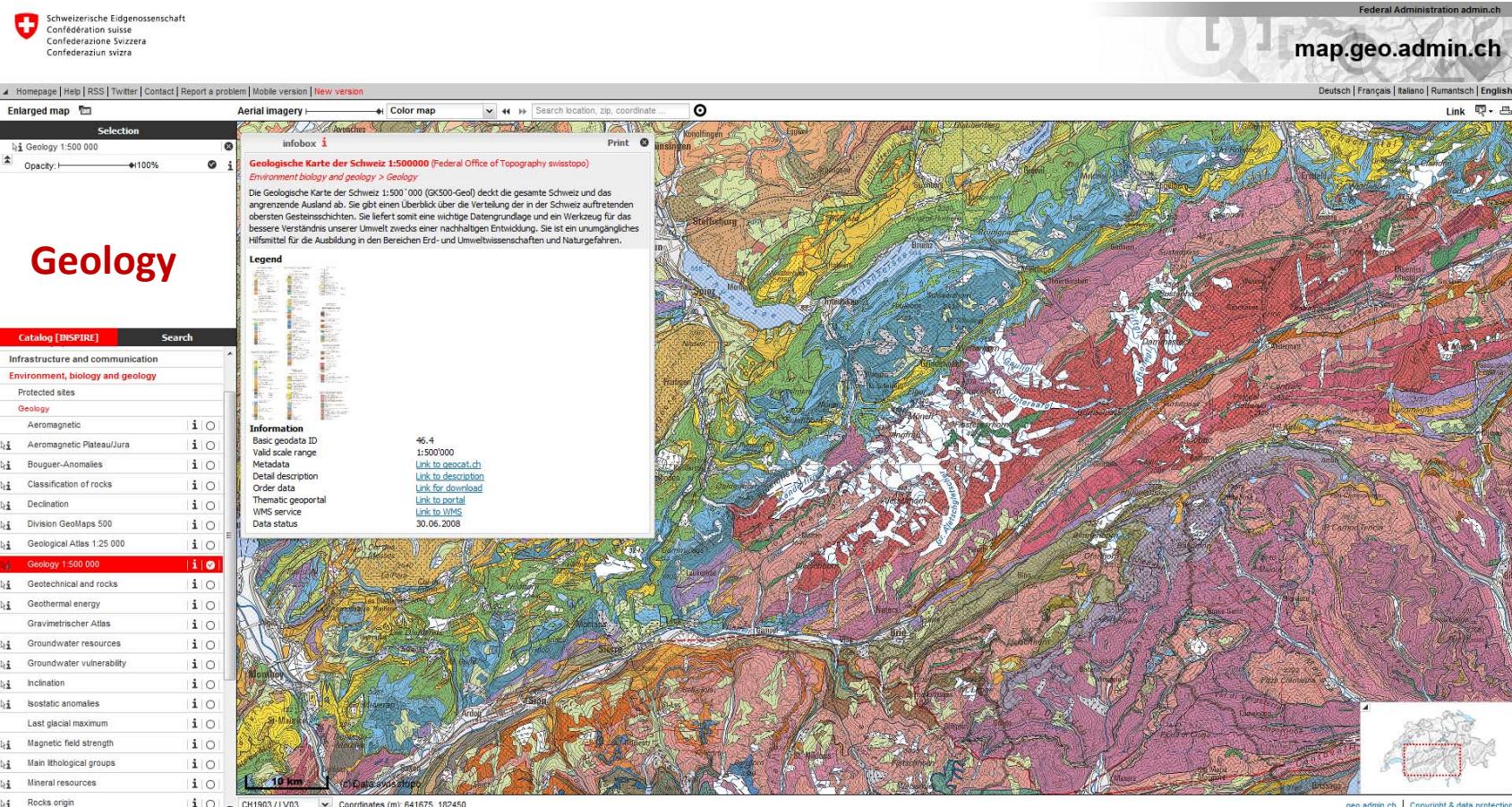
Useful information

<http://map.geo.admin.ch/>



Useful information

<http://map.geo.admin.ch/>



Geology

Catalog [INSPIRE] Search

- Infrastructure and communication
- Environment, biology and geology
- Protected sites
- Geology**
 - Aeromagnetic
 - Aeromagnetic Plateau/Jura
 - Bouguer-Anomalies
 - Classification of rocks
 - Declination
 - Division GeoMaps 500
 - Geological Atlas 1:25 000
 - Geology 1:500 000**
 - Geotechnical and rocks
 - Geothermal energy
 - Gravimetrischer Atlas
 - Groundwater resources
 - Groundwater vulnerability
 - Inclination
 - Isostatic anomalies
 - Last glacial maximum
 - Magnetic field strength
 - Main lithological groups
 - Mineral resources
 - Rocks origin

Information

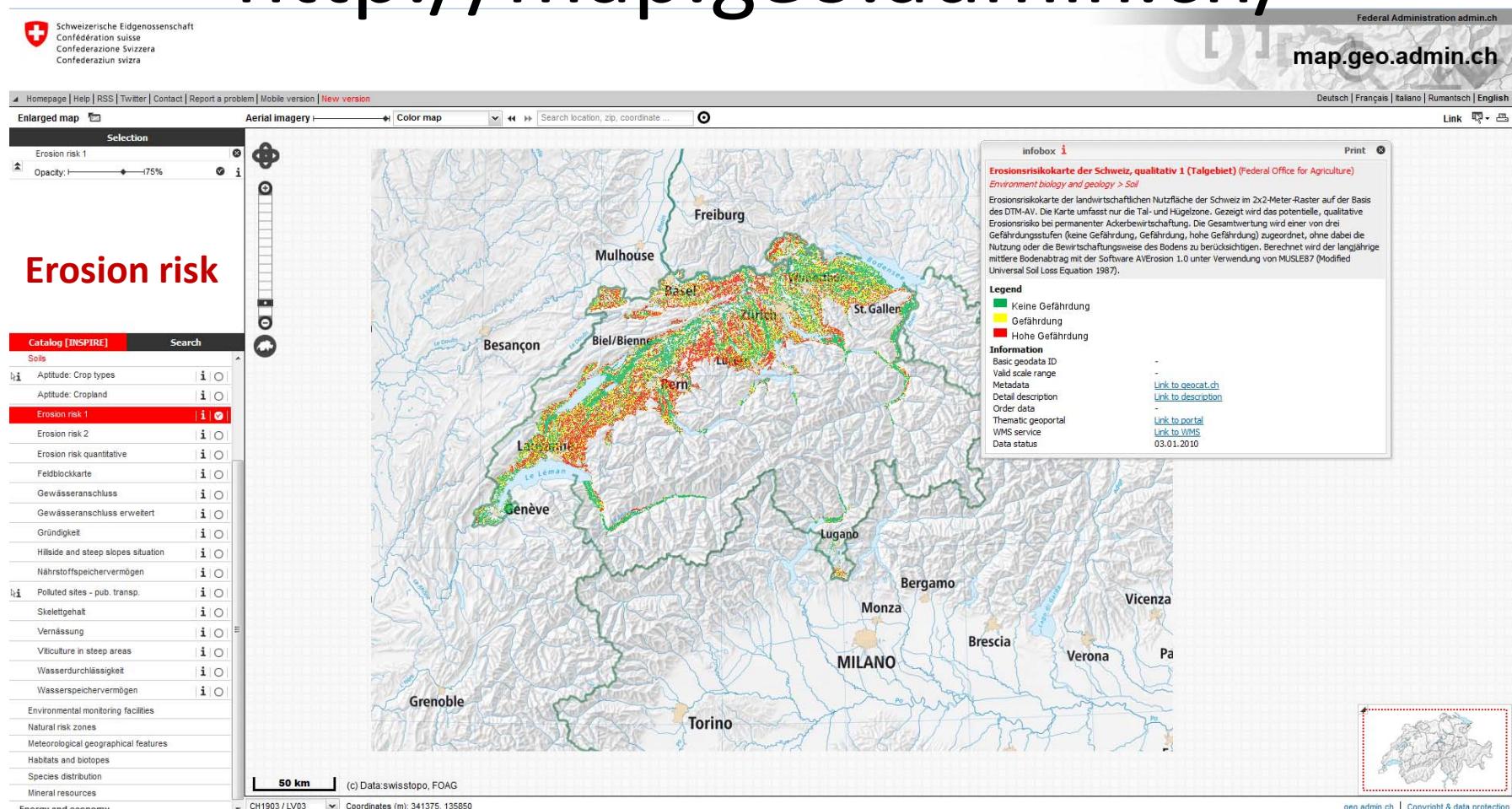
Basic geodata ID: 46.4
Valid scale range: 1:500'000
Metadata
Description
Order data
Thematic geoportal
WMS service
Data status: 30.06.2008

10 km

CH1903 / LV03 Coordinates (m): 641675, 182450

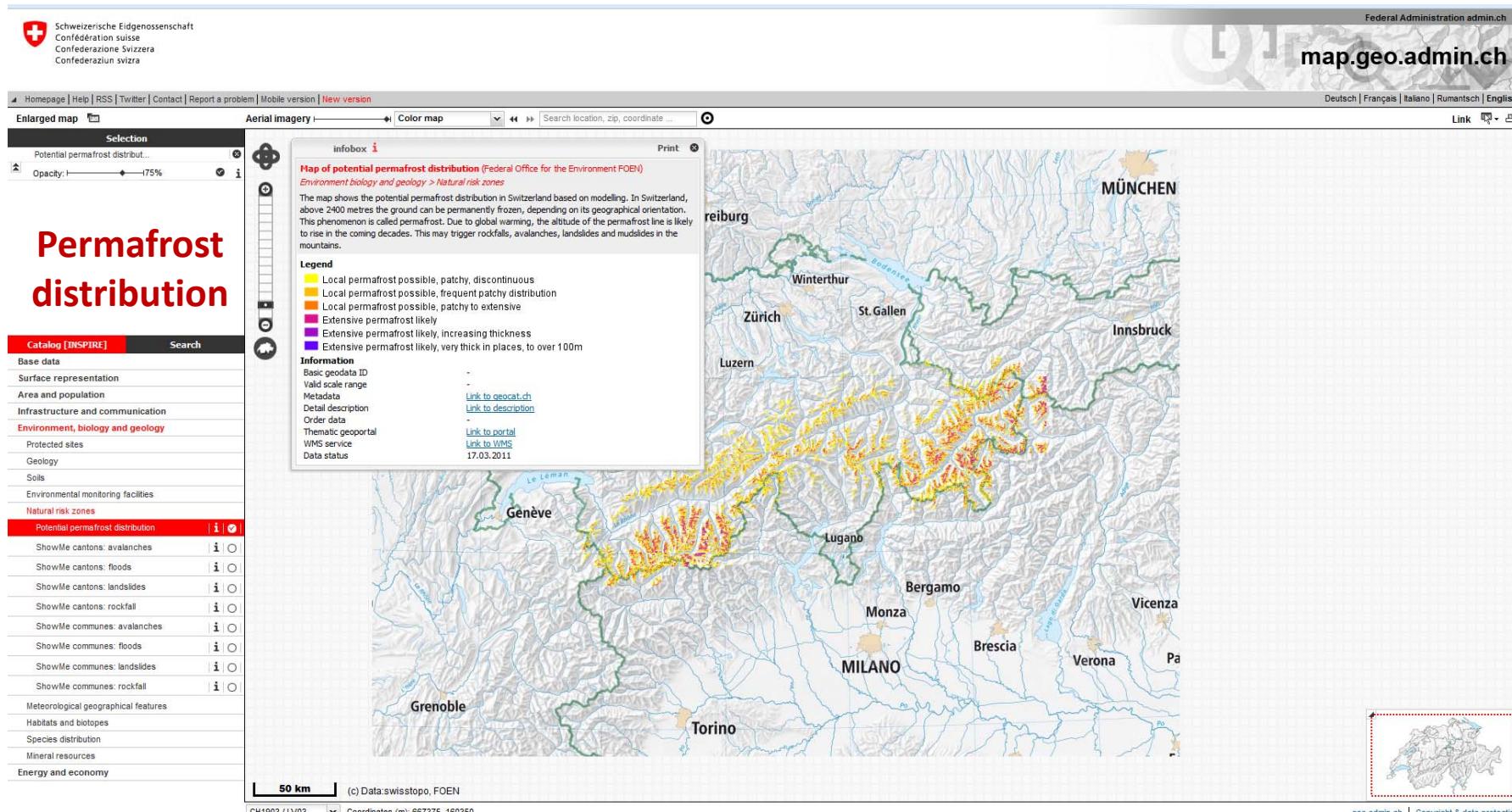
Useful information

<http://map.geo.admin.ch/>



Useful information

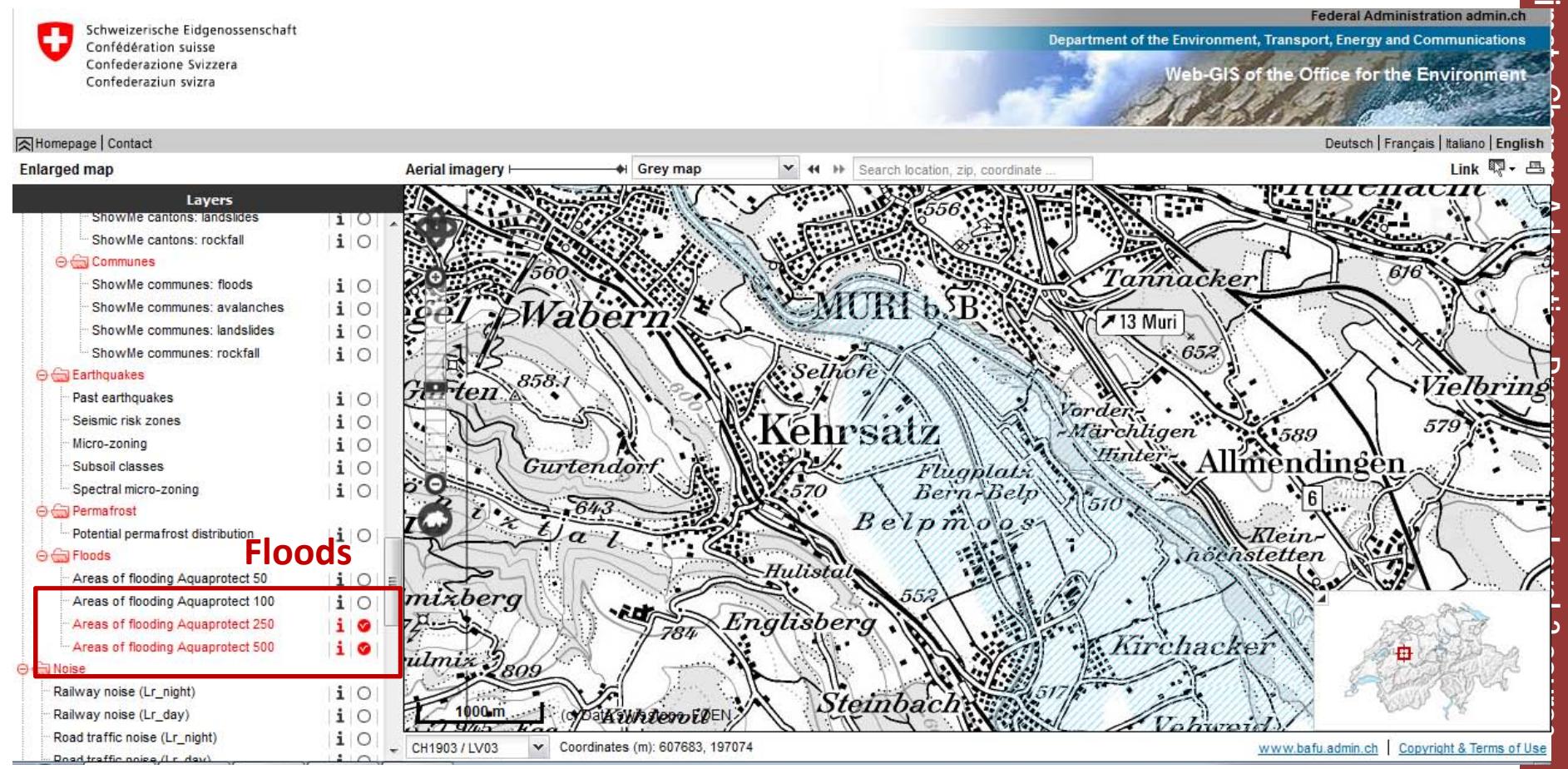
<http://map.geo.admin.ch/>



Useful information

<http://map.bafu.admin.ch>

Bundesamt für Umwelt BAU
Federal Office for the Environment FOEN

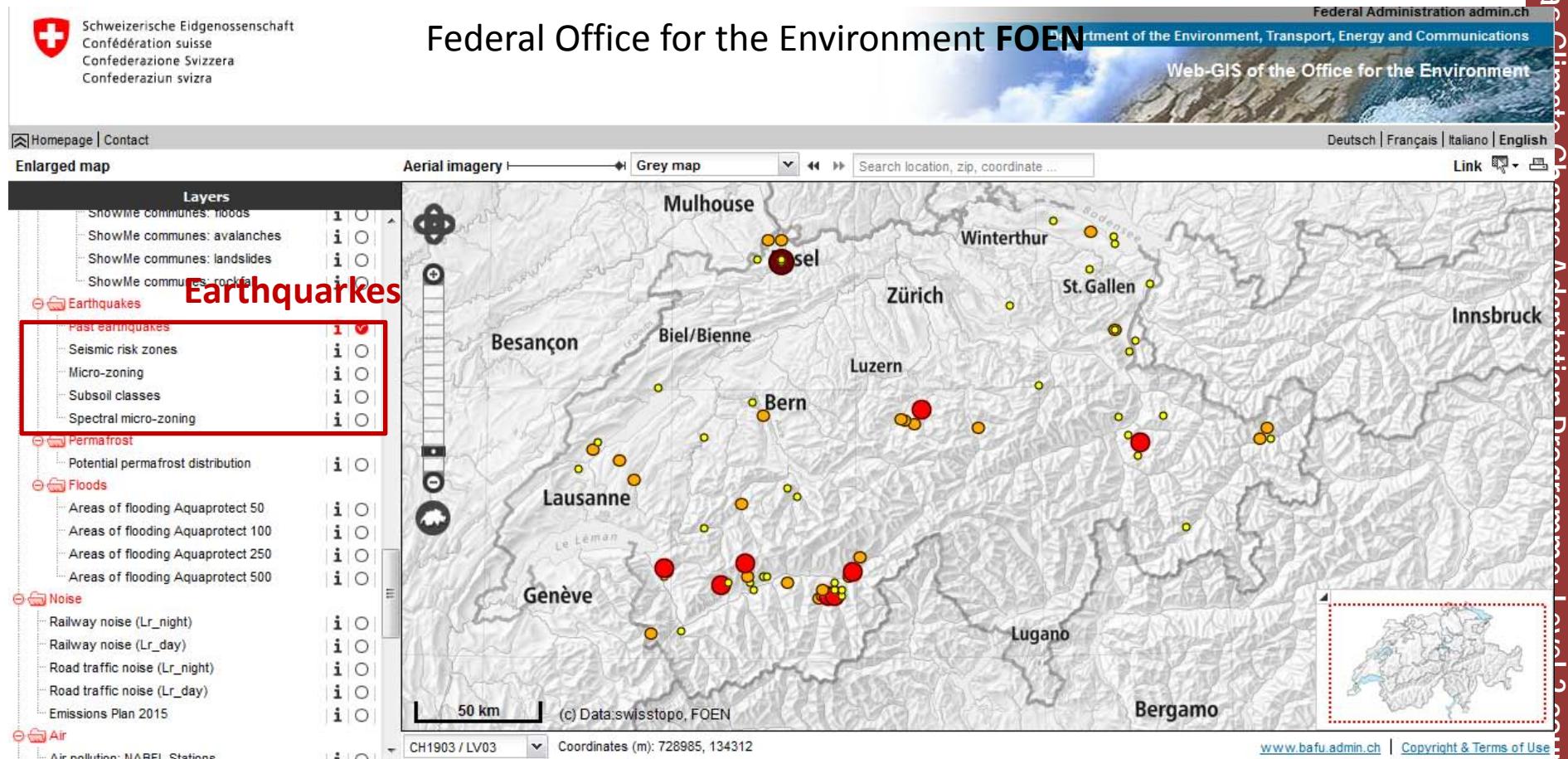


Useful information

<http://map.bafu.admin.ch>

Bundesamt für Umwelt BAFU

Federal Office for the Environment FOEN



HAZARDS IN MOUNTAINS

QUESTIONS:

1. Useful information will be provided based on the maps available on ***map.geo.admin.ch*** and ***map.bafu.admin.ch***. As a basis the ortophoto and topography are also provided.
2. Define those areas potentially prone to **rockfalls**
3. Define those areas potentially prone to **avalanches**
4. Define those areas potentially prone to **landslides**
5. Define those areas potentially prone to **floods**
6. Identify the **elements at risk**
7. Identify most **vulnerable areas**

For all cases explain the main disposition and potential triggering factors

HAZARDS IN MOUNTAINS

